Technical Tips for LMT Bifurcation Stenting

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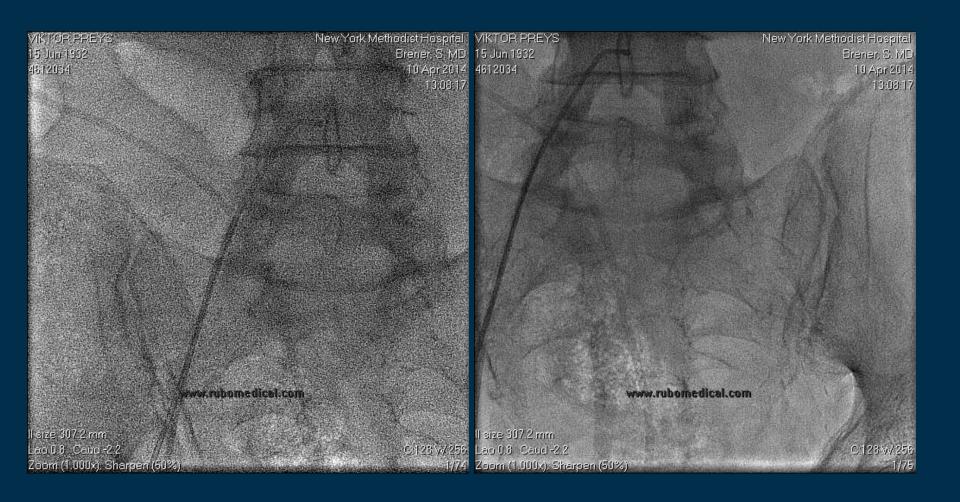
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I, SORIN BRENER MD, DO NOT have a financial interest/arrangement or affiliation with one or more organizations that could be perceived as a real or apparent conflict of interest in the context of the subject of this presentation.

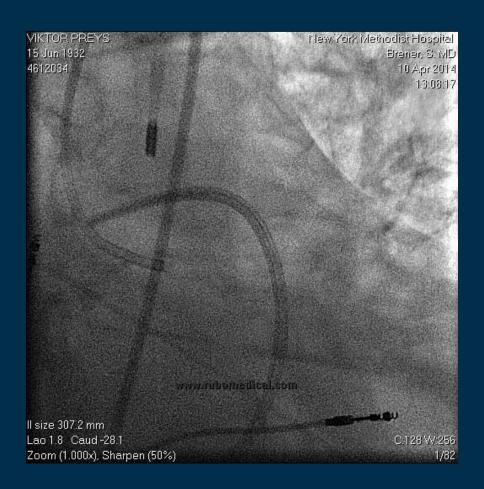
Case presentation

- 81 y/o male with CAD, CVD, PVD, severe ICM and ESRD (dialysis)
- BMS LMT in 10/13
- Restenosis in 1/14 PTCA
- UA on 3/31/14. LHC showed severe ISR
 - scheduled for CABG
- Severe CP on 4/8/14 and cardiogenic shock on 4/10/14. CK-MB 110
- Intubated, 4 pressors, oxygenating well

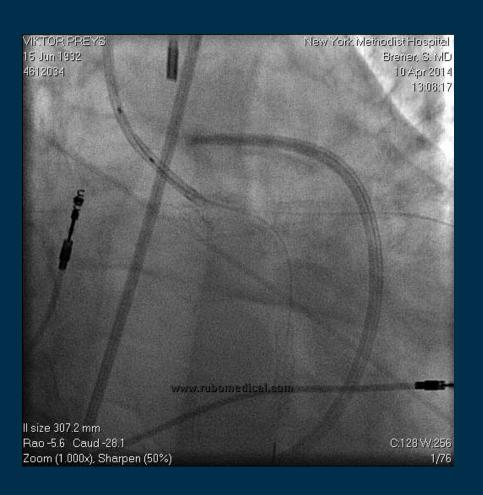
Ilio-Femoral System



Emergency LHC



Post PTCA LMT and LAD



LCX Stent – Modified T



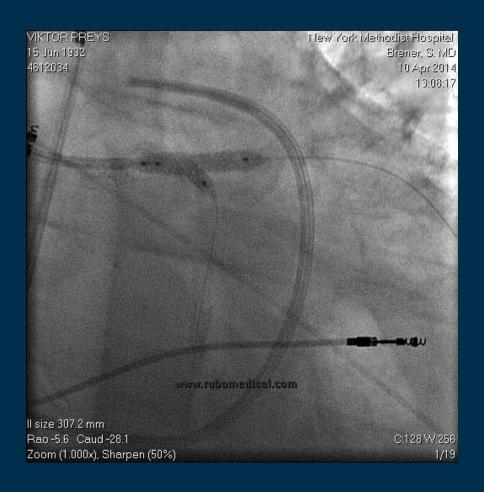
Crush LCX Stent



LMT to LAD Stent



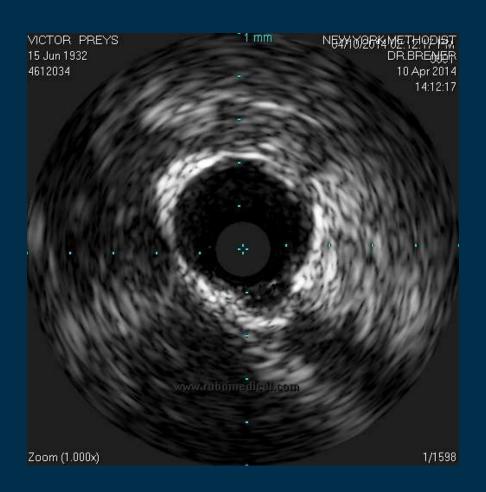
Kissing Balloon Angioplasty



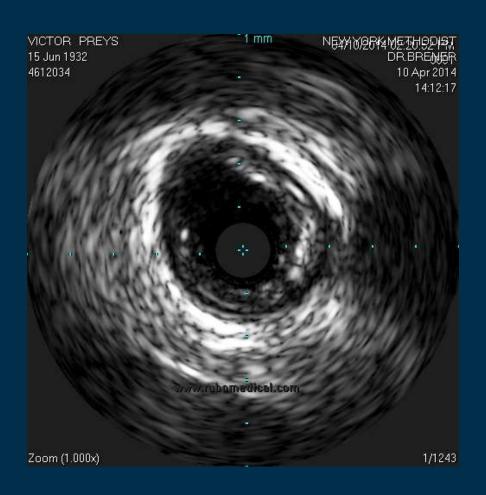
Before IVUS



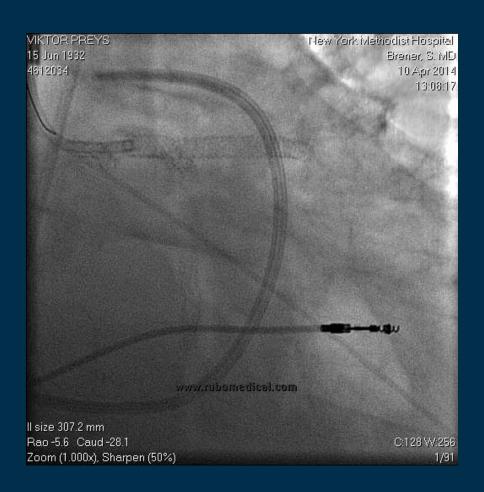
IVUS LAD



IVUS LCX



Final Result



Procedural summary

- 3.5x12 PROMUS in LCX
- 4.0x20 PROMUS in LAD
- KBA with two 3.5x15 balloons
- 4.5x20 NC balloon after IVUS
- PWP decreased from 38 mmHg to 17 mmHg
- Off 2 pressors at end of case

Final thoughts

- Evaluate hemodynamic status before PCI LMT, particularly if RCA compromised
- Try to use one stent technique but be prepared for alternatives
- IVUS mandatory for bifurcation lesions
- LMT PCI is easier than many other lesions – just plan ahead!